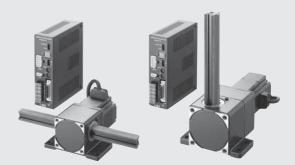
RoHS RoHS-Compliant Rack and Pinion Systems

Adopting a rack and pinion mechanism and a closed loop stepping motor \mathcal{Q}_{STEP} , the **LAS** Series achieves high positioning accuracy and high thrust force. It is a high-speed, high-thrust lineared motor capable of implementing such operations as "push, pull, lift and lower" in limited space.

● List of safety standard approved products (Model, Standards, File No., Certification Body) → Page G-10



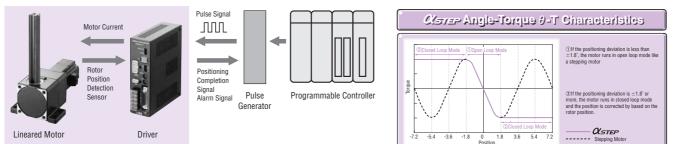
Horizontal Direction (**B** Type)

Vertical Direction (F Type)

Features

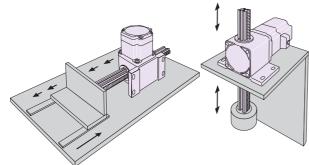
Adopting *Q_STEP* for Greater Reliability

Adopting *QSTEP*, the **LAS** Series can acquire additional information, such as positioning completion signals and alarm signals, to achieve greater reliability.



Horizontal and Vertical Operations at Will

Adopting *Q_STEP* as its drive motor, the **LAS** Series can easily meet various linear motion needs, such as speed adjustment and multi-point positioning.

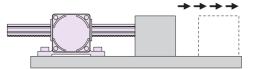


Ideal for Vertical Operation

Since an alarm signal is output in the event of an overload condition or malfunction, the **LAS** Series can be reliably used in vertical operation. Use of an electromagnetic brake type is recommended for vertical operation.

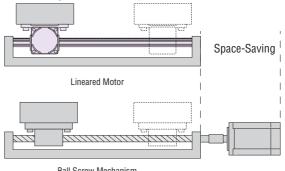
Easy Setting of Travel Distance

 $\mathcal{X}_{\text{STEP}}$ enables you to set flexible movement distances by setting the number of pulses for the controller (pulse generator).



Space-Saving

The screw holes at both ends of the rack can be affixed to let the actuator travel. This structure allows for effective utilization of limited mounting or installation space.



Ball Screw Mechanism

Rack Specifications of Up to 1000 mm in Length For greater design flexibility, various rack specifications are

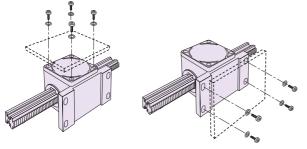
available over a range of 100 to 1000 mm in length. Choose the type that better suits your system.

LAS

Controllers

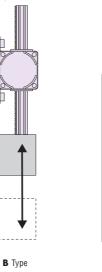
Two Installation Directions

Two mounting surfaces are provided. Choose the installation direction that better suits your system.



Flexible Mounting

Each model comes in two types - horizontal type and vertical type - to allow for mounting in different directions to meet various limitations on installation. Choose the type that better suits your system.



F Type

Two Lineared Motor Types

Frame Size	Туре	Max. Transportable Mass [kg]	Operating Speed Range [mm/s]	Stroke* [mm]
60 mm	Standard Type	10	0~500	100~800
60 mm	High Thrust Force Type	30	0~90	100~600
80 mm	Standard Type	20	0~500	100~1000
00 1111	High Thrust Force Type	100	0~40	100~1000

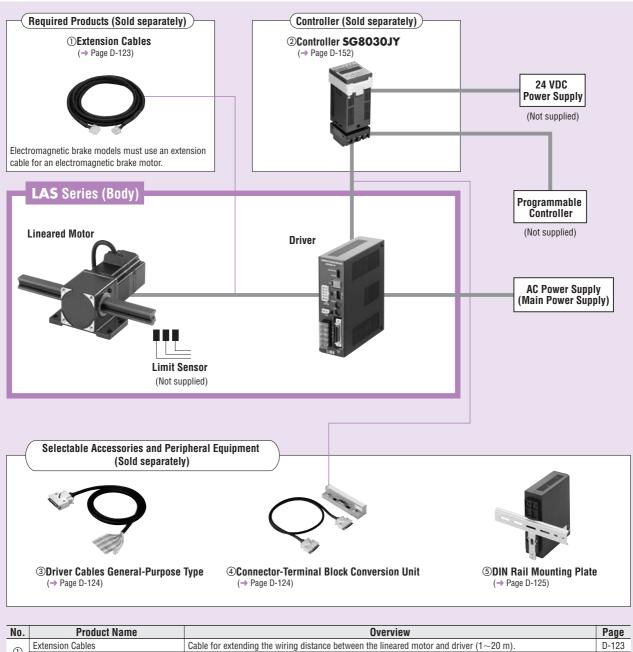
* Strokes can be specified in units of 100 mm.

RoHS RoHS-Compliant

The LAS Series conforms to the RoHS Directive that prohibits the use of six chemical substances including lead and cadmium. ● Details of RoHS Directive → Page G-23

System Configuration

An example of a single-axis system configuration with the SG8030JY controller.



NO.	Product Name	Uverview	
① Extension Cables		Cable for extending the wiring distance between the lineared motor and driver (1 \sim 20 m).	D-123
Flexible Extension Cables Cable offering flexibility, used to extend the wiring distance between the lineared motor and drive		Cable offering flexibility, used to extend the wiring distance between the lineared motor and driver (1 \sim 10 m).	D-123
2	Controller	This controller gives commands needed to drive the lineared motor.	D-152
3	Driver Cables General-Purpose Type	General-purpose cable for connecting the driver and controller (1 m, 2 m).	D-124
4	Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit	Set of terminal block and cable for connecting the driver and controller (1 m).	D-124
5	DIN Rail Mounting Plate	Use this plate when installing the driver to a DIN rail.	D-125

•Example of System Configuration

(Body)	(Sold separately)		(Sold separately)		
LAS Series	Extension Cable (3 m)	+	Controller	DIN Rail Mounting Plate	Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit
LAS2B500MW-1	CC03AIPM		SG8030JY-U	PADP01	CC36T1

The system configuration shown above is an example. Other combinations are available.

LAS





1	Series	LAS: LAS Series		
2	Frame Size	2 : 60 mm 4 : 80 mm		
3	Traveling Direction of Rack	F: The rack travels vertically to the mounting flange.B: The rack travels horizontally to the mounting flange.		
4	Maximum Rack Speed	40 : 40 mm/s 90 : 90 mm/s 500 : 500 mm/s		
5	Electromagnetic Brake	A: Not equipped M: Equipped		
6	Power Supply Input	W: Single-Phase 100-115 VAC/Single-Phase 200-230 VAC S: Three-Phase 200-230 VAC		
0	Stroke	1:100 mm 2:200 mm 3:300 mm 4:400 mm 5:500 mm 6:600 mm 7:700 mm 8:800 mm 9:900 mm 10:1000 mm 10:1000 mm 10:1000 mm		

Product Line

Standard Type

Single-Phase 100-115 VAC/Single-P	hase 200-230 VAC	Three-Phase 200-230 VAC	
Model	Page	Model	Page
LAS2_500AW-1		LAS2_500AS-1	*
LAS2_500AW-2		LAS2_500AS-2	*
LAS2_500AW-3		LAS2_500AS-3	*
LAS2_500AW-4		LAS2_500AS-4	*
LAS2_500AW-5		LAS2_500AS-5	*
LAS2_500AW-6		LAS2_500AS-6	*
LAS2_500AW-7		LAS2_500AS-7	*
LAS2_500AW-8		LAS2_500AS-8	*
LAS4_500AW-1	D-101	LAS4_500AS-1	*
LAS4_500AW-2	D-101	LAS4_500AS-2	*
LAS4_500AW-3		LAS4_500AS-3	*
LAS4_500AW-4		LAS4_500AS-4	*
LAS4_500AW-5		LAS4_500AS-5	*
LAS4_500AW-6		LAS4_500AS-6	*
LAS4_500AW-7		LAS4_500AS-7	*
LAS4_500AW-8		LAS4_500AS-8	*
LAS4_500AW-9		LAS4_500AS-9	*
LAS4_500AW-10		LAS40500AS-10	*

• Enter F or B (traveling direction of rack) in the box (\Box) within the model name.

 \ast For the three-phase 200-230 VAC models, please contact the nearest Oriental Motor sales office.

Standard Type with Electromagnetic Brake

	-		
Single-Phase 100-115 VAC/Single-F	hase 200-230 VAC	Three-Phase 200-230	VAC
Model	Page	Model	Page
LAS2_500MW-1		LAS2_500MS-1	*
LAS2_500MW-2] [LAS2_500MS-2	*
LAS2_500MW-3	1	LAS2_500MS-3	*
LAS2_500MW-4] [LAS2_500MS-4	*
LAS2_500MW-5	1	LAS2_500MS-5	*
LAS2_500MW-6	1	LAS2_500MS-6	*
LAS2_500MW-7		LAS2_500MS-7	*
LAS2_500MW-8]	LAS2_500MS-8	*
LAS4_500MW-1	D-101	LAS4_500MS-1	*
LAS4_500MW-2	D-101	LAS4_500MS-2	*
LAS4_500MW-3		LAS4_500MS-3	*
LAS4_500MW-4]	LAS4_500MS-4	*
LAS4_500MW-5] [LAS4_500MS-5	*
LAS4_500MW-6		LAS4_500MS-6	*
LAS4_500MW-7] [LAS4 500MS-7	*
LAS4_500MW-8]	LAS4_500MS-8	*
LAS4_500MW-9		LAS4_500MS-9	*
LAS4_500MW-10	V-10	LAS4_500MS-10	*

ullet Enter ${\bf F}$ or ${\bf B}$ (traveling direction of rack) in the box (\Box) within the model name.

 \ast For the three-phase 200-230 VAC models, please contact the nearest Oriental Motor sales office.

—The following items are included in each product. –

Lineared Motor, Surge Suppressor*, Driver, Connector for Input/Output Signal, Operating Manual * Only for electromagnetic brake type

High Thrust Force Type

Single-Phase 100-115 VAC/Single	-Phase 200-230 VAC	Three-Phase 200-230 VAC		
Model	Page	Model	Page	
LAS2 90AW-1		LAS2_90AS-1	*	
LAS2_90AW-2		LAS2 90AS-2	*	
LAS2_90AW-3		LAS2 90AS-3	*	
LAS2_90AW-4		LAS2_90AS-4	*	
LAS2_90AW-5		LAS2_90AS-5	*	
LAS2_90AW-6		LAS2_90AS-6	*	
LAS2_90AW-7		LAS2_90AS-7	*	
LAS2_90AW-8		LAS2_90AS-8	*	
LAS4_40AW-1	D-102	LAS4_40AS-1	*	
LAS4_40AW-2	D-102	LAS4_40AS-2	*	
LAS4□40AW-3		LAS4□40AS-3	*	
LAS4_40AW-4		LAS4_40AS-4	*	
LAS4□40AW-5		LAS4□40AS-5	*	
LAS4_40AW-6		LAS4_40AS-6	*	
LAS4 40AW-7		LAS4 40AS-7	*	
LAS4 40AW-8		LAS4□40AS-8	*	
LAS4_40AW-9		LAS4□40AS-9	*	
LAS4_40AW-10		LAS4_40AS-10	*	

• Enter **F** or **B** (traveling direction of rack) in the box (\Box) within the model name. * For the three-phase 200-230 VAC models, please contact the nearest Oriental Motor sales office.

• High Thrust Force Type with Electromagnetic Brake

Single-Phase 100-115 VAC/Single-F	Phase 200-230 VAC	Three-Phase 200-230 VAC	
Model	Page	Model	Page
LAS2 90MW-1		LAS2 90MS-1	*
LAS2 90MW-2		LAS2 90MS-2	*
LAS2_90MW-3		LAS2_90MS-3	*
LAS2_90MW-4		LAS2 90MS-4	*
LAS2_90MW-5		LAS2_90MS-5	*
LAS2_90MW-6] [LAS2 ^{90MS-6}	*
LAS2 90MW-7] [LAS2 90MS-7	*
LAS2_90MW-8		LAS2 ^{90MS-8}	*
LAS4_40MW-1	D-102	LAS4 40MS-1	*
LAS4_40MW-2	D-102	LAS4_40MS-2	*
LAS4□40MW-3]	LAS4 40MS-3	*
LAS4_40MW-4		LAS4_40MS-4	*
LAS4□40MW-5		LAS404MS-5	*
LAS4_40MW-6		LAS4_40MS-6	*
LAS4□40MW-7		LAS4 40MS-7	*
LAS4_40MW-8		LAS4_40MS-8	*
LAS4_40MW-9		LAS4_40MS-9	*
LAS4_40MW-10		LAS4_40MS-10	*

 \bullet Enter ${\bf F}$ or ${\bf B}$ (traveling direction of rack) in the box () within the model name.

* For the three-phase 200-230 VAC models, please contact the nearest Oriental Motor sales office.

The following items are included in each product. Lineared Motor, Surge Suppressor®, Driver, Connector for Input/Output Signal, Operating Manual *Only for electromagnetic brake type

Specifications

Lineared Motor

\Diamond Standard Type (R	oHS				
		Frame Siz	ze 60 mm	Frame Size 80 mm	
Model	Single-Phase 100-115 VAC Single-Phase 200-230 VAC	LAS2_500AW-	LAS2_500MW-	LAS4 500AW-	LAS4 500MW-
Motor Type			Us	TEP	·
Electromagnetic Brake		Not equipped	Equipped	Not equipped	Equipped
Operating Speed Range	mm/s		0~	500	
Maximum Transportable Mas	ss kg	() mm/s) mm/s)	20 (250 mm/s) 7 (500 mm/s)	
Maximum Acceleration	m/s ²			1	
Maximum Thrust Force*1	Ν	110 (250 mm/s) 77 (500 mm/s)		220 (250 mm/s) 77 (500 mm/s)	
	Power ON	1	10	2	20
Maximum Holding Force N	Power OFF)	
	Electromagnetic Brake	-	110	-	220
Resolution	mm/pulse	19.994	8×10 ⁻³	20.0176×10 ⁻³	
Rotor Inertia	J: kg•m²	405×10 ⁻⁷	564×10 ⁻⁷	405×10 ⁻⁷	564×10 ⁻⁷
Speed and Position Control C	Commands	Pulse input			
Stroke		100, 200, 300, 400,	, 500, 600, 700, 800	100, 200, 300, 400, 500,	600, 700, 800, 900, 1000
Lineared Motor Mass ^{#2} (): with electromagnetic bi	rake kg	100: 1.7 (2.0) 200: 1.9 (2.2) 300: 2.1 (2.4) 100: 2.8 (3.1) 200: 3.1 (3.4) 300: 3.4 (3.7) 400: 2.3 (2.6) 500: 2.5 (2.8) 600: 2.7 (3.0) 700: 4.5 (4.8) 800: 4.8 (5.1) 700: 2.9 (3.2) 800: 3.1 (3.4) 900: 5.1 (5.4) 1000: 5.4 (5.7)		4.2) 600: 4.2 (4.5) 5.1)	
Rack Mass	kg	100: 0.5 200: 0.6 300: 0.8 400: 1.0 100: 0.7 200: 1.0 300: 1.3 400: 1.5 500: 1.8 500: 1.2 600: 1.4 700: 1.6 800: 1.8 600: 2.1 700: 2.4 800: 2.7 900: 3.0 1000: 3.3			

• Enter **F** or **B** (traveling direction of rack) in the box (
) within the model name.

Enter the stroke in the box (\Box) within the model name.

• The maximum load mass that can be driven when operating the rack vertically is the maximum transportable mass less the rack mass.

In addition to the products shown above, the products for three-phase 200-230 VAC are also available. Please contact the nearest Oriental Motor sales office.

*1 Make sure the sum of thrust force and acceleration thrust force of the load does not exceed the maximum thrust force.

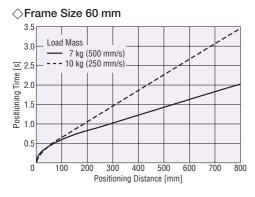
*2 The lineared motor mass includes the rack mass.

Electromagnetic Brake (Electromagnetic brake type only)

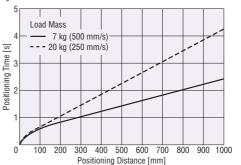
Туре	Power off activated type
Power supply voltage	24 VDC±5%
Power supply current	0.25 A
Operation pattern	Power OFF: The brake is activated. Power ON: The brake is released.

Positioning Distance – Positioning Time

Check the (approximate) positioning time from the positioning distance. The positioning time varies depending on the load mass. • The starting speed should be 10 mm/s or less.

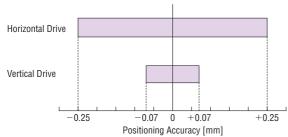


◇Frame Size 80 mm



Repetitive Positioning Accuracy (Reference value)

The graph below shows measured values with the maximum transportable mass. The specific value varies in accordance with the load, drive condition and installation direction.



Specifications

Lineared Motor

◇High Thrust Force Type RoHS

		Frame Size 60 mm		Frame Siz	ze 80 mm	
Model	Single-Phase 100-115 VAC Single-Phase 200-230 VAC	LAS2_90AW-	LAS2_90MW-	LAS4_40AW-	LAS4_40MW-	
Motor Type				TEP	·	
Electromagnetic Brake		Not equipped	Equipped	Not equipped	Equipped	
Operating Speed Range	mm/s	0~	~90	0~	~40	
Maximum Transportable Mas	ss kg	з	30	100 (20 mm/s) 70 (40 mm/s)		
Maximum Acceleration	m/s ²	0.1	187	0.0)74	
Maximum Thrust Force*1	Ν	3	306		1008 (20 mm/s) 705 (40 mm/s)	
	Power ON	3	06	10	800	
Maximum Holding Force N	Power OFF	0				
	Electromagnetic Brake	-	306	-	1008	
Resolution	mm/pulse	3.736	4×10 ⁻³	1.4835×10 ⁻³		
Rotor Inertia	J: kg•m²	405×10 ⁻⁷	564×10 ⁻⁷	405×10 ⁻⁷	564×10 ⁻⁷	
Speed and Position Control C	Commands	Pulse input				
Stroke		100, 200, 300, 400	, 500, 600, 700, 800	100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 900, 1000		
Lineared Motor Mass ^{**2} (): with electromagnetic bi	rake kg	100: 2.1 (2.4) 200: 2.2 (2.5) 300: 2.4 (2.7) 100: 2.8 (3.1) 200: 3.1 (3.4) 300: 3.4 400: 2.6 (2.9) 500: 2.8 (3.1) 600: 3.0 (3.3) 700: 3.2 (3.5) 800: 3.4 (3.7) 700: 3.2 (3.5) 800: 3.4 (3.7) 900: 5.1 (5.4) 1000: 5.4 (5.7)		4.2) 600: 4.2 (4.5) 5.1)		
Rack Mass	kg	100: 0.5 200: 0.6 300: 0.8 400: 1.0 100: 0.7 200: 1.0 300: 1.3 400: 1.5 500: 1.8 500: 1.2 600: 1.4 700: 1.6 800: 1.8 600: 2.1 700: 2.4 800: 2.7 900: 3.0 1000: 3.3				

• Enter F or B (traveling direction of rack) in the box (\Box) within the model name.

Enter the stroke in the box (\Box) within the model name.

• The maximum load mass that can be driven when operating the rack vertically is the maximum transportable mass less the rack mass.

• In addition to the products shown above, the products for three-phase 200-230 VAC are also available. Please contact the nearest Oriental Motor sales office.

*1 Make sure the sum of thrust force and acceleration thrust force of the load does not exceed the maximum thrust force.

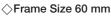
*2 The lineared motor mass includes the rack mass.

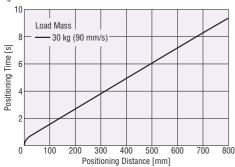
Electromagnetic Brake (Electromagnetic brake type only)

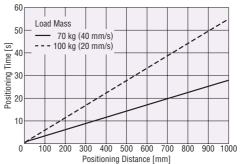
Туре	Power off activated type
Power supply voltage	24 VDC±5%
Power supply current	0.25 A
Operation pattern	Power OFF: The brake is activated. Power ON: The brake is released.

Positioning Distance – Positioning Time

Check the (approximate) positioning time from the positioning distance. The positioning time varies depending on the load mass. • The starting speed should be 1 mm/s or less.

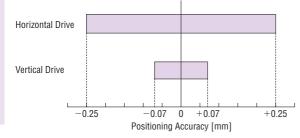






Repetitive Positioning Accuracy (Reference value)

The graph below shows measured values with the maximum transportable mass. The specific value varies in accordance with the load, drive condition and installation direction.



EZ limo EZS II

Controllers

Driver

Model		LSD20A-W LSD20B-W					
Davies Consel	Voltage	Single-Phase 100-115 VAC/Single-	Phase 200-230 VAC -15~+10%				
Power Supply Input	Frequency	50/60 Hz					
input	Current	3.2 A (100 VAC), 3.7 A (200 VAC) 4.1 A (100 VAC), 4.5 A (200 VAC)					
Max. Input Pulse	Frequency	250 kHz (When the	pulse duty is 50%)				
	Input Mode	Photocoupler input, Input resistance: 220 $\Omega,$ Input current: 7 ${\sim}$ 20 mA					
	Pulse (DIR. – A)	Pulse input (DIR.–A direction operation command pulse signal in the 2-p Pulse width 2 μs minimum, rise/fall time 2 μs maximum (Negative logic					
Input Signal	Traveling Direction (DIR. –B)	Traveling direction switch input $\Box R = 0$ Direction operation command pulse signal in the 2-pulse input Pulse width 2 μ s minimum, rise/fall time 2 μ s maximum (Negative logic					
	Alarm Clear	Input when a protective function has been activated to cancel the alarm.	Input when a protective function has been activated to cancel the alarm.				
	All Windings OFF	When in the "photocoupler ON" state, the output current to the lineared motor is cut off. When in the "photocoupler OFF" state, the current is supplied to the lineared motor.					
	Resolution Select	When in the "photocoupler ON" state, the resolution is set 10 times of that when the power was turned on. When in the "photocoupler OFF" state, the initial resolution is set that when the power was turned on.					
	Output Mode	Photocoupler, Open-collector output External use condition: 30 VDC ma Transistor, Open-collector output External use condition: 30 VDC maxim B-phase) Line driver output: Equivalent of 26C31 (Timing signal, Feedback pulse si	num, 15 mA maximum (Timing signal, Feedback pulse signal A-phase/				
Output Cignal	Timing	One pulse is output every time the rack travels the value specified in the table below. (Photocoupler: ON) The maximum setting is 500 Hz in the maximum input pulse frequency.					
Output Signal	Alarm	This signal is output when a protective function is activated. (Photocoupler: OFF) The alarm is output (Red LED flashes) and the lineared motor coast to a stop at the same time.					
	Positioning Completion	This signal is output when positioning is complete. (Photocoupler: ON) Output when the pulse speed is 500 Hz or less, and the lineared motor is stopped at a position within ± 0.05 mm of the specified position.					
	A-Phase/B-Phase Pulse Output	This signal is output at the resolution set when the driver's power was turned on. The phase difference between A and B is 90° in electrical angle. Subject to a maximum delay of 1 ms with respect to the actual movement of the lineared motor. Use this function to check the stop position.					
Protective Functi	on	Overheat protection, Overload protection, Overvoltage protection, Speed error protection, Overcurrent protection, Overspeed, EEPROM data error, Sensor error, System error					
Mass		0.8 kg					

Movement Distance for TIM. Output Signal

Model	LAS2_90	LAS2_500	LAS4_40	LAS4_500
Movement Distance (mm)	37.364×10 ⁻³	199.948×10 ⁻³	14.835×10 ⁻³	200.176×10 ⁻³

• Enter **F** or **B** (traveling direction of rack) in the box (\Box) within the model name.

General Specifications

This is the value after rated operation under normal ambient temperature and humidity.

Item	Motor	Driver
Insulation Class	Class B (130°C) [Recognized as Class A (105°C) by UL/CSA standards.]	-
Insulation Resistance	100 M Ω or more when 500 VDC megger is applied between the following places: \cdot Case – Windings \cdot Case – Electromagnetic brake windings (Only for electromagnetic brake type)	100 M Ω or more when 500 VDC megger is applied between the following places: \cdot Case – Power supply input terminal \cdot Signal I/O terminal – Power supply input terminal
Dielectric Strength	Sufficient to withstand the following for 1 minute: • Case – Windings 1.5 kV, 50 Hz or 60 Hz • Case – Electromagnetic brake windings 1.0 kV, 50 Hz or 60 Hz (Only for electromagnetic brake type)	Sufficient to withstand the following for 1 minute: • Case – Windings 1.5 kV, 50 Hz or 60 Hz • Signal I/O terminal – Power supply input terminal 3.0 kV, 50 Hz or 60 Hz (Only for electromagnetic brake type)
Ambient Temperature	$0\!\sim\!+50^\circ$ C (r	non-freezing)
Ambient Humidity	85% or less (no	on-condensing)

• Do not measure insulation resistance or perform the dielectric strength test while the lineared motor and driver are connected.

Permissible Rotating Torque of Rack (moment)

The rotating torque applied to the rack must not exceed the value shown in the table below.

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				Dorm

Lineared Motor Model	Permissible Rotating Torque of Rack (moment)
LAS2B (F)	0.3 N·m max.
LAS4B (F)	0.5 N·m max.

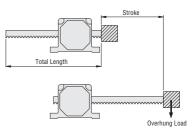
• The rotating torque must not exceed the permissible value at all times. Excessive rotating torque will cause the rack grommet to wear quickly.

• For details of mounting the load, refer to "mounting the load to end of rack."

[→] Page D-127

Maximum Permissible Overhung Load

Stroke [mm] 100 200 300 400 500 600 700 800 900	Overhung Load: N					
Stroke [mm]	LAS2_90	LAS2_500	LAS4 40	LAS4_500		
100	25	25*	120	60*		
200	20	20*	90	40 *		
300	10	10*	70	30 *		
400	10	10*	60	25*		
500	7	7*	50	20 *		
600	-	-	40	15*		
700	-	-	40	10*		
800	-	-	25	7*		
900		_	20	-		
1000		_	15	-		



 \bullet Enter ${\bf F}$ or ${\bf B}$ (traveling direction of rack) in the box () within the model name.

*Keep the operating speed to 90 mm/s or below. If the operating speed exceeds 90 mm/s, do not apply any overhung load. An external guide must be provided for use.

Dimensions (Unit = mm)

Standard Type

Lineared Motor Model	Stroke	Rack Total Length L	Mass (Rack mass included)	Rack Mass
WOUCI	mm	mm	kg	kg
LAM2_500AW-1	100	229.4±0.4	1.7	0.5
LAM2_500AW-2	200	$330.0 {\pm} 0.4$	1.9	0.6
LAM2_500AW-3	300	$430.4 {\pm} 0.4$	2.1	0.8
LAM2_500AW-4	400	531.0±0.4	2.3	1.0
LAM2_500AW-5	500	631.5±0.4	2.5	1.2
LAM2_500AW-6	600	731.4±0.4	2.7	1.4
LAM2_500AW-7	700	829.5±0.4	2.9	1.6
LAM2_500AW-8	800	930.4±0.4	3.1	1.8

• Enter F or B (traveling direction of rack) in the box (
) within the model name.

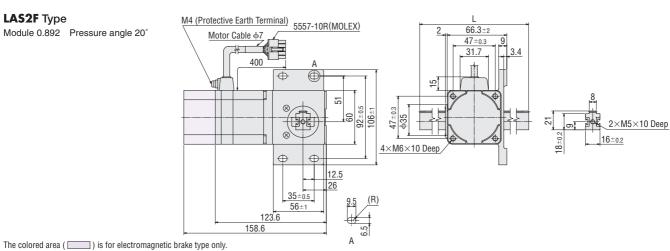
LAS2F Type

Module 0.892 Pressure angle 20°

Standard Type with Electromagnetic Brake

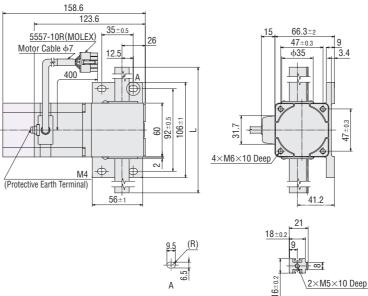
Lineared Motor Model	Stroke	Rack Total Length L	Mass (Rack mass included)	Rack Mass
WOUCI	mm	mm	kg	kg
LAM2_500MW-1	100	229.4±0.4	2.0	0.5
LAM2_500MW-2	200	330.0±0.4	2.2	0.6
LAM2_500MW-3	300	430.4±0.4	2.4	0.8
LAM2_500MW-4	400	531.0±0.4	2.6	1.0
LAM2_500MW-5	500	631.5±0.4	2.8	1.2
LAM2_500MW-6	600	731.4±0.4	3.0	1.4
LAM2_500MW-7	700	829.5±0.4	3.2	1.6
LAM2_500MW-8	800	930.4±0.4	3.4	1.8

• Enter F or B (traveling direction of rack) in the box (
) within the model name.



LAS2B Type

Module 0.892 Pressure angle 20°



The colored area (______) is for electromagnetic brake type only.

LAS

Controllers

High Thrust Force Type

Lineared Motor Model	Stroke	Rack Total Length L	Mass (Rack mass included)	Rack Mass
WOUCI	mm	mm	kg	kg
LAM2_90AW-1	100	229.4±0.4	2.1	0.5
LAM2090AW-2	200	330.0±0.4	2.2	0.6
LAM2_90AW-3	300	430.4±0.4	2.4	0.8
LAM2_90AW-4	400	531.0±0.4	2.6	1.0
LAM2_90AW-5	500	631.5±0.4	2.8	1.2
LAM2_90AW-6	600	731.4±0.4	3.0	1.4
LAM2_90AW-7	700	829.5±0.4	3.2	1.6
LAM2_90AW-8	800	930.4±0.4	3.4	1.8

ullet Enter F or B (traveling direction of rack) in the box () within the model name.

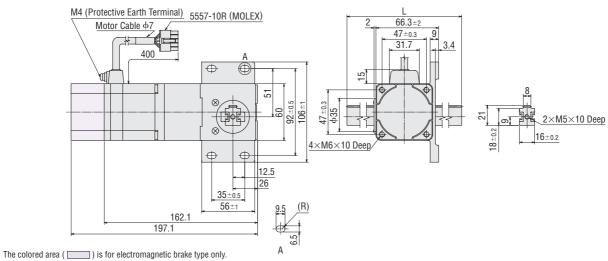
LAS2F Type

Module 0.892 Pressure angle 20°

High Thrust Force Type with Electromagnetic Brake

Lineared Motor Model	Stroke	Rack Total Length L	Mass (Rack mass included)	Rack Mass
MOUEI	mm	mm	kg	kg
LAM2 90MW-1	100	229.4±0.4	2.4	0.5
LAM2 90MW-2	200	330.0±0.4	2.5	0.6
LAM2_90MW-3	300	430.4±0.4	2.7	0.8
LAM2 90MW-4	400	531.0±0.4	2.9	1.0
LAM2_90MW-5	500	631.5±0.4	3.1	1.2
LAM2_90MW-6	600	731.4±0.4	3.3	1.4
LAM2_90MW-7	700	829.5±0.4	3.5	1.6
LAM2 90MW-8	800	930.4±0.4	3.7	1.8

ullet Enter F or B (traveling direction of rack) in the box ([]) within the model name.



LAS2B Type

Module 0.892 Pressure angle 20°

197.1 162.1 66.3±2 35±0.5 15 5557-10R(MOLEX) 47±0.3 26 9 Motor Cable ϕ 7 12.5 φ35 3.4 山 400 A Ē - 47 ± 0.3 92±0.5 106±-31.7 00 4×M6×10 Deep 2 /M4 (Protective Earth Terminal) \oplus Þ T. Ň 41.2 56 21 18±0.2 (R) ∞; 16±0.2 2×M5×10 Deep Δ

The colored area (______) is for electromagnetic brake type only.

Standard Type

Lineared Motor Model	Stroke	Rack Total Length L	Mass (Rack mass included)	Rack Mass
MOUEI	mm	mm	kg	kg
LAM4_500AW-1	100	243.5±0.4	2.8	0.7
LAM4_500AW-2	200	341.6±0.4	3.1	1.0
LAM4_500AW-3	300	443.7±0.4	3.4	1.3
LAM4_500AW-4	400	541.9 ± 0.4	3.6	1.5
LAM4_500AW-5	500	640.1±0.4	3.9	1.8
LAM4_500AW-6	600	742.2±0.4	4.2	2.1
LAM4_500AW-7	700	840.4±0.4	4.5	2.4
LAM4_500AW-8	800	942.5 ± 0.4	4.8	2.7
LAM4_500AW-9	900	1040.7±0.8	5.1	3.0
LAM4_500AW-10	1000	1142.8±0.8	5.4	3.3

 \bullet Enter F or B (traveling direction of rack) in the box ([]) within the model name.

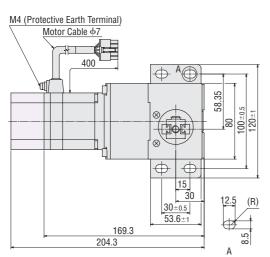
High Thrust Force Type

Lineared Motor Model	Stroke	Rack Total Length L	Mass (Rack mass included)	Rack Mass
INIOUEI	mm	mm	kg	kg
LAM4 40AW-1	100	243.5±0.4	2.8	0.7
LAM4_40AW-2	200	341.6±0.4	3.1	1.0
LAM4 40AW-3	300	443.7 ± 0.4	3.4	1.3
LAM4_40AW-4	400	541.9±0.4	3.6	1.5
LAM4 40AW-5	500	640.1 ± 0.4	3.9	1.8
LAM4_40AW-6	600	742.2±0.4	4.2	2.1
LAM4 40AW-7	700	840.4±0.4	4.5	2.4
LAM4_40AW-8	800	942.5±0.4	4.8	2.7
LAM4 40AW-9	900	1040.7±0.8	5.1	3.0
LAM4 40AW-10	1000	1142.8±0.8	5.4	3.3

ullet Enter F or B (traveling direction of rack) in the box (\Box) within the model name.

LAS4F Type

Module 1.25 Pressure angle 20°



LAS4B Type

Module 1.25 Pressure angle 20°

Lineared Motor Model	Stroke	Rack Total Length L	Mass (Rack mass included)	Rack Mass
WOUCI	mm	mm	kg	kg
LAM4_500MW-1	100	243.5±0.4	3.1	0.7
LAM4_500MW-2	200	341.6±0.4	3.4	1.0
LAM4_500MW-3	300	443.7±0.4	3.7	1.3
LAM4_500MW-4	400	541.9 ± 0.4	3.9	1.5
LAM4_500MW-5	500	640.1±0.4	4.2	1.8
LAM4_500MW-6	600	742.2±0.4	4.5	2.1
LAM4_500MW-7	700	840.4±0.4	4.8	2.4
LAM4_500MW-8	800	942.5±0.4	5.1	2.7
LAM4_500MW-9	900	1040.7±0.8	5.4	3.0
LAM4_500MW-10	1000	1142.8 ± 0.8	5.7	3.3

Rack

Mass

Rack

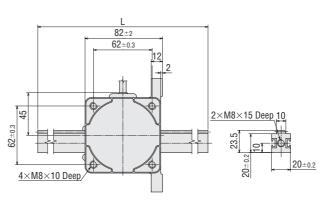
Standard Type with Electromagnetic Brake

 \bullet Enter F or B (traveling direction of rack) in the box ([]) within the model name.

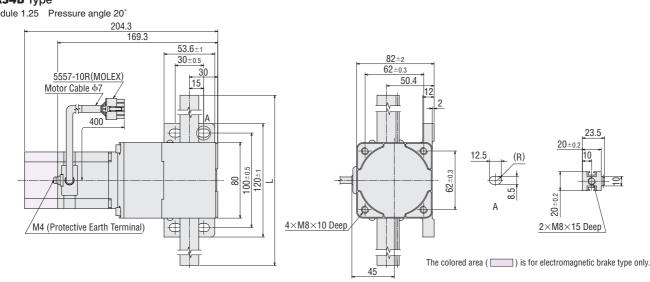
• High Thrust Force Type with Electromagnetic Brake

Lineared Motor Model	Stroke	Rack Total Length L	Mass (Rack mass included)	Rack Mass
WIDGEI	mm	mm	kg	kg
LAM4 40MW-1	100	243.5±0.4	3.1	0.7
LAM4_40MW-2	200	341.6±0.4	3.4	1.0
LAM4 40MW-3	300	443.7 ± 0.4	3.7	1.3
LAM4_40MW-4	400	541.9±0.4	3.9	1.5
LAM4 40MW-5	500	640.1±0.4	4.2	1.8
LAM4_40MW-6	600	742.2±0.4	4.5	2.1
LAM4 40MW-7	700	840.4±0.4	4.8	2.4
LAM4_40MW-8	800	942.5±0.4	5.1	2.7
LAM4_40MW-9	900	1040.7±0.8	5.4	3.0
LAM4 40MW-10	1000	1142.8±0.8	5.7	3.3

ullet Enter F or B (traveling direction of rack) in the box (\Box) within the model name.

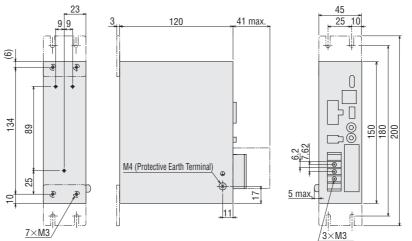


The colored area (______) is for electromagnetic brake type only.

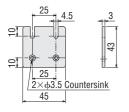


Driver

Driver model: LSD20A-W, LSD20B-W Mass: 0.8 kg



Mounting Bracket (2 pieces, included)



Control I/O Connector (Included) Case: 54331-1361 (MOLEX) Connector: 54306-3619 (MOLEX)

List of Lineared Motor and Driver Combinations

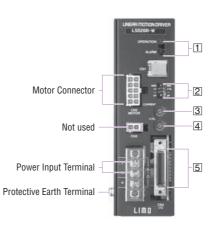
Lineared motor and driver combinations are shown below.

Frame Size	Туре	Electromagnetic Brake	Power Supply Input	Model	Lineared Motor Model	Driver Model
		Not equipped		LAS2B90AW-	LAM2B90AW-	
	High thrust	Not equipped		LAS2F90AW-	LAM2F90AW-	
	force	Equipped		LAS2B90MW-	LAM2B90MW-	
60 mm		Equipped		LAS2F90MW-	LAM2F90MW-	
00 11111		Not equipped		LAS2B500AW-	LAM2B500AW-	
	Standard	Not equipped		LAS2F500AW-	LAM2F500AW-	LSD20A-W
	Stanuaru	Equipped		LAS2B500MW- LAM2B500MW- Single-Phase 100-115 VAC LAS2F500MW- LAM2F500MW-	LAM2B500MW-	LSDZUA-W
			Single-Phase 100-115 VAC		LAM2F500MW-	
		Not equipped		LAS4B40AW-	LAM4B40AW-]
	High thrust				LAS4F40AW-	LAM4F40AW-
	force	Fauinpad		LAS4B40MW-	LAM4B40MW-	
80 mm		Equipped	LAS4F40MW-	LAM4F40MW-		
		Not equipped		LAS4B500AW-	LAM4B500AW-	
	Ctondord	Not equipped		LAS4F500AW-	LAM4F500AW-	LSD20B-W
	Standard	Equipped		LAS4B500MW-	LAM4B500MW-	LODZOR-W
		Equipped		LAS4F500MW-	LAM4F500MW-	

• Enter the stroke in the box (\Box) within the model name.

Connection and Operation

Names and Functions of Driver Parts



1 Signal Monitor Displays

\diamondsuit LED Indicators

Indication	Color	Function	Activation Conditions			
OPERATION	Green	Power supply indication	Lights when power is on.			
ALARM	Red	Alarm indication	Blinks when protective functions are activated.			
Alarm						

Blink Count Function		Activation Conditions
1	Overheat	The temperature of the driver's internal heat sink rises to approximately 85°C.
2	Overload	The lineared motor is operated continuously over five seconds under a load exceeding the maximum torque.
3	Overvoltage	The primary voltage of the driver's inverter exceeds the permissible value.
4	Speed error	The lineared motor cannot accurately follow at the indicated pulse speed.
5	Overcurrent	An excessive current has flowed through the inverter power element inside the driver.
6	Overspeed	The rack speed is 800 mm/s minimum (high thrust force type: 288 mm/s on LAS2 or 62 mm/s on LAS4)
7	EEPROM data error	The control parameter has been damaged.
8	Sensor error	The power supply turns on when the motor cable is not connected to the driver.
Lights (No blinking)	System error	The driver has fatal error.

2 Function Select Switches

Indication	Switch Name	Function
1000/500 X1/X10	Resolution select switch	This function is for selecting the resolution. (Refer to the resolution values shown in the table below.)
1P/2P	Pulse input mode switch	The settings of this switch are compatible with the following two types of pulse input modes: "1P" for the 1-pulse input mode "2P" for the 2-pulse input mode

Notes:

 Always turn the power off before switching resolution or pulse input, and turn it on again after you have made the change.

• If the resolution select switch is set to *×10,* it cannot control the resolution selected by the input terminals. It will always be *×10.*

Unit[.] mm/sten

Resolution Values

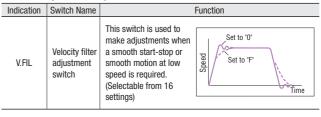
Standa	rd Type	High Thrust Force Type					
LAS2_500 LAS4_500		LAS2_90	LAS4_40				
9.9974×10 ⁻³	10.0088×10 ⁻³	1.8682×10 ⁻³	0.7418×10 ⁻³				
9.9974×10 ⁻⁴	10.0088×10 ⁻⁴	1.8682×10 ⁻⁴	0.7418×10 ⁻⁴				
19.9948×10 ⁻³	20.0176×10 ⁻³	3.7364×10 ⁻³	1.4835×10 ⁻³				
19.9948×10 ⁻⁴	20.0176×10 ⁻⁴	3.7364×10 ⁻⁴	1.4835×10 ⁻⁴				
	Standa LAS2 500 9.9974×10 ⁻³ 9.9974×10 ⁻⁴ 19.9948×10 ⁻³	Standart Type LAS2_500 LAS4_500 9.9974×10 ³ 10.0088×10 ³ 9.9974×10 ⁴ 10.0088×10 ⁴ 19.9948×10 ³ 20.0176×10 ³	High Thrust High Thrust LAS2_500 LAS4_500 LAS2_90 9.9974×10 ⁻³ 10.0088×10 ⁻³ 1.8682×10 ⁻³ 9.9974×10 ⁻⁴ 10.0088×10 ⁻⁴ 1.8682×10 ⁻⁴ 19.9948×10 ⁻³ 20.0176×10 ⁻³ 3.7364×10 ⁻³				

 \bullet Enter ${\bf F}$ or ${\bf B}$ (traveling direction of rack) in the box (\Box) within the model name.

3 Current Adjustment Switch

Indication	Switch Name	Function
CURRENT	Current adjustment switch	The lineared motor running current can be lowered to suppress temperature rise in the lineared motor and driver, or lower operating current in order to allow a margin for product specifications. (Selectable from 16 settings)

4 Velocity Filter Adjustment Switch



5 Input/Output Signals

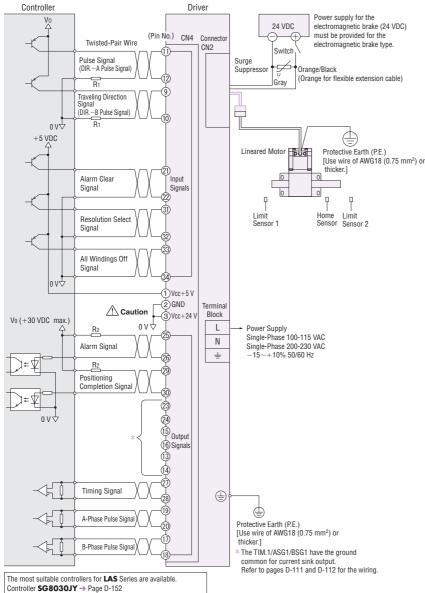
Indication	Input/Output	Pin No.	Signal	Signal Name	
	E-towned a survey	1	Vcc+5 V	Power supply for signal	
	External power input	2	GND	control	
	input	3	Vcc+24 V	Short-circuit with 2-Pin	
		9	DIR (DIRB)	Traveling direction	
	Input signal	10	DIR (DIRB)	(DIRB pulse)*	
	input signai	11	PLS (DIRA)	Pulse	
		12	PLS (DIRA)	(DIRA pulse)*	
		13	BSG1	B-phase pulse output	
		14	GND	(Open-collector)	
		15	ASG1	A-phase pulse output	
	Output signal	16	GND	(Open-collector)	
	Output signal	17	BSG2	B-phase pulse output	
		18	BSG2	(Line driver)	
		19	ASG2	A-phase pulse output	
CN4		20	ASG2	(Line driver)	
	Input signal	21	ACL	- Alarm clear	
		22	ACL		
		23	TIM.1	Timing	
		24	GND	(Open-collector)	
		25	ALARM	Alarma	
	Output signal	26	ALARM	Alarm	
	Output signal	27	TIM.2	Timing	
		28	TIM.2	(Line driver)	
		29	END	Desitioning completion	
		30	END	Positioning completion	
		31	X10	Resolution select	
	Input signal	32	X10	Resolution select	
	Input signal	33	C.0FF	All windings off	
		34	C.OFF	All windings off	

● For details, refer to description of input/output signals (→ Page D-110).

* The factory setting is the 1-pulse input mode.

Signal names in parentheses represent the setting in 2-pulse input mode.

Connection Diagrams



Recommended Crimp Terminals



• Crimp terminals are not included. They must be purchased separately.

◇Pulse (DIR.-A) and Traveling Direction (DIR.-B) Signal Connections

- \bullet Use 5 VDC input for the pulse input signal and traveling direction input signal. If the Vo voltage exceeds 5 VDC, connect an external resistor R1.
- Example) If the V_0 voltage is 24 VDC, connect a resistor (R_1) of 1.5 to 2.2 $k\Omega$ and 0.5 W or more.

Output Signal Connection

 \bullet Keep Vo 30 VDC, 15 mA maximum. If the current exceeds 15 mA, connect an external resistor R2.

◇Notes on Wiring

- Use multi-core, twisted-pair shielded wires of AWG28 (0.08 mm²) or thicker for the control I/O signal line (CN4), and keep wiring as short as possible (within 2 m).
- Note that as the length of the pulse signal line increases, the maximum transmission frequency decreases. Technical reference → Page F-57
- When it is necessary to have a connection more than 0.4 m between lineared motor and driver, an extension cable or flexible extension cable (sold separately) must be used. Electromagnetic brake models must use an extension cable or flexible extension cable for electromagnetic brake.

≜ Caution

- Connect 5 VDC power supply for "Timing" output signal and "Pulse" output signal. Pin No.
 ③ of the CN4 should be grounded.
- Description of input/output signals \rightarrow Page D-110

⊘Power Supply

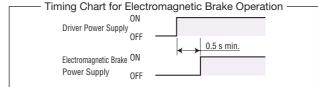
Use a power supply that can supply sufficient input current. When power supply capacity is insufficient, a decrease in lineared motor output can cause the following malfunction: • Lineared motor does not operate properly (insufficient thrust force).

- Use the following cable for the power line.
- Single-phase 100-115 VAC: 3-core cable [AWG18 (0.75 mm²) min.] Single-phase 200-230 VAC: 3-core cable [AWG18 (0.75 mm²) min.]
- Provide a minimum distance of 300 mm between the control I/O signal lines and power lines (power supply, lineared motor and large-current circuits). Do not run the control I/O signal lines in the same duct as power lines or bundle them with power lines.
- To ground the driver, lead the ground conductor from the protective earth terminal (M4) with a wire of AWG18 (0.75 mm²) or thicker and connect the ground conductor to provide a common ground point.

♦ Connecting the Electromagnetic Brake and Power Supply

Connect the electromagnetic brake to the power supply using a cable of AWG24 (0.2 mm²) or thicker. The power supply input to the electromagnetic brake is 24 VDC \pm 5% 0.3 A minimum and therefore must be independent of the driver's power supply for signal control. Note:

 The electromagnetic brake wire (60 mm) is linked to the connector on the driver connection side of extension cable for electromagnetic brake motor (sold separately). Be sure to use the extension cable or flexible extension cable. Connect the orange/black spiral lead wire (orange for flexible extension cable) to +24 V, and the gray lead wire to the ground (GND).



Introduction

EZ limo

Accessories Installation

DRL

Accessories Installation

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Hollow Rotary Actuators

DG

Accessories Installation

Controllers

Motorized Linear Slides

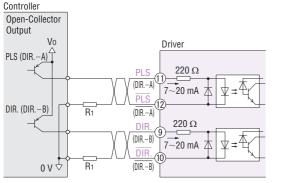
Compact Linear Actuators

Description of Input/Output Signals

Indication of Input/Output Signal "ON""OFF" Input (output) "ON" indicates that the current is sort into the photocoupler (transistor) inside the driver. Input (output) "OFF" indicates that the current is not sent into the photocoupler (transistor) inside the driver.	Photocoupler	OFF ON
The input/output remains "OFF" if nothing is connected.		

PLS (DIR.-A), DIR. (DIR.-B) Input Signal

OInput Circuit and Sample Connection

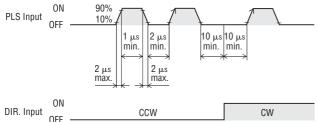


• The colored characters indicate signals under the 1-pulse input mode, while the black characters indicate signals under the 2-pulse input mode.

Note:

 The external resistor is not needed when Vo is 5 VDC. When the voltage exceeds 5 VDC, connect the external resistor R1 to keep input current at 20 mA or less. When a voltage exceeding 5 VDC is applied without the external resistor, the internal components may be damaged.





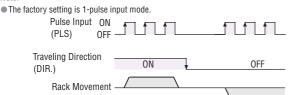
• For pulse signals, use pulse waveforms like those shown in the figure above.

◇Pulse Input Mode

• 1-Pulse Input Mode

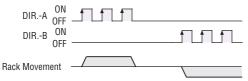
The 1-pulse input mode uses "Pulse" (PLS) and "Traveling Direction" (DIR.) signals. When the traveling direction (DIR.) signal is set to "ON," the rack moves in the DIR.-A direction. When the traveling direction (DIR.) signal is set to "OFF," the motor moves in the DIR.-B direction.

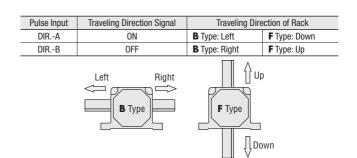
Note:



2-Pulse Input Mode

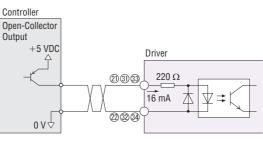
The 2-pulse input mode uses "DIR.-A" and "DIR.-B" pulse signals. When a "DIR.-A" pulse is input, the rack of the lineared motor moves in the DIR.-A direction. When a "DIR.-B" pulse is input, the rack of the lineared motor moves in the DIR.-B direction.





All Windings Off (C.OFF) Input Signal/Resolution Select (X10) Input Signal/Alarm Clear (ACL) Input Signal

◇Input Circuit and Sample Connection



◇All Windings Off (C.OFF) Input Signal

Pin No. 33, 34

This controller power supply offers 5 VDC. Inputting the "All Windings Off" (C.OFF) signal puts the lineared motor in a non-excitation (free) state. It is used when moving the lineared motor rack externally or when positioning manually. This signal clears the deviation counter.



Non-Excitation State Resolution Select (X10) Input Signal

Pin no. (31), (32)

Motor

This controller power supply offers 5 VDC. Inputting this signal when [1000] [\times 1] or [500] [\times 1] is selected as resolution via the function select switch will increase the resolution ten times. Note:

 If the resolution select switch is set to "×10," it cannot control the resolution selected by the input terminals. It will always be "×10."

◇Alarm Clear (ACL) Input Signal

Pin no. 2), 22

This controller power supply offers 5 VDC. This signal is used for canceling the alarm without turning off power to the driver when a protective function has been activated.

Note:

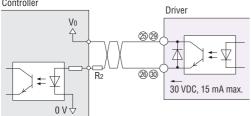
- The following alarm cannot be cleared. To cancel the alarm, first resolve the cause of mulfunction and check for safety, and then turn power on again.
- Overcurrent · EEPROM data error · System error

Pinior

nstallation

Positioning Completion (END) Output Signal/ Alarm (ALARM) Output Signal

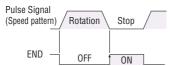
Output Circuit and Sample Connection



OPositioning Completion (END) Output Signal Dia na management Dia na management Completion (END) Output Signal Dia na management Completion (END) Output Signal Completion (END) Output Signal

Pin no. (29, (30)

Keep V₀ 30 VDC, 15 mA maximum. This signal is output at the photocoupler ON state when positioning is completed. This signal is output when the rotor position is within the movement distance shown below from the command position, approximately 2 ms after the pulse input stops.



Movement Distance for END

Model	Movement Distance (mm)
LAS2_90	$\pm 9.341 \times 10^{-3}$
LAS2_500	$\pm 49.987 \times 10^{-3}$
LAS4_40	±3.709×10 ⁻³
LAS4_500	±50.044×10 ⁻³

 \bullet Enter F or B (traveling direction of rack) in the box () within the model name. Note:

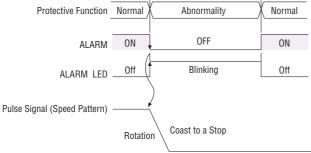
The END signal blinks during operation with a pulse input frequency of 500 Hz or less.

◇Alarm (ALARM) Output Signal

Pin No. 25, 26

Keep V₀ 30 VDC, 15 mA maximum. The photocoupler turns OFF when the driver's protective functions has been activated. When an abnormality such as an overload or over current is detected, the "Alarm" signal will be output, the ALARM indicator blinks, and the lineared motor coast to a stop (non-excitation state).

To clear the alarm, first resolve the cause and check for safety, and then input an "Alarm Clear" (ACL) signal or reset power. Once power has been turned off, wait at least 10 seconds before turning it on again.



Note

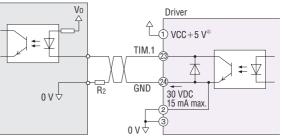
 The "Alarm" output uses positive logic (normal close), all other outputs use negative logic (normal open).

Timing Output Signal (TIM.1, TIM.2)/A-Phase and B-Phase Pulse Output Signal (ASG1/BSG1, ASG2/BSG2)

Output Circuit and Sample Connection

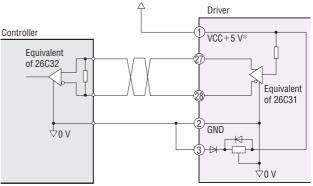
Open-Collector Output

Controller



 $\ast Power$ supply for "Timing" output signal should be connected to 5 VDC. Keep V_0 30 VDC, 15 mA maximum.

Line Driver Output



*Power supply for "Timing" output signal should be connected to 5 VDC.

◇Timing (TIM.1, TIM.2) Output Signal

Pin no. 🕲, 🕗, 🕗, 🕲

When the "Timing" signal is output, the transistor turns ON (For the line driver output which is TIM.2, the output signal is ON). This signal can be used to detect the home position with greater precision. The relationship of rack movement and output signal is shown below.



ovement	Distance	for	TIM.	Output	Signal

	1 0
Model	Movement Distance (mm)
LAS2_90	37.364×10 ⁻³
LAS2_500	199.948×10 ⁻³
LAS4_40	14.835×10 ⁻³
LAS4_500	200.176×10 ⁻³

• Enter **F** or **B** (traveling direction of rack) in the box (\Box) within the model name.

Notes:

Μ

• A precise "Timing" signal output cannot be obtained when the speed of the pulse input frequency is over 500 Hz.

Connect the "Timing" output signal to 5 VDC.

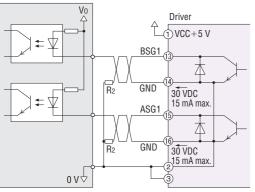
◇A-Phase and B-Phase Pulse Output Signal (ASG1/BSG1, ASG2/BSG2) Pin No. (3~20)

A counter or similar device can be connected to monitor the position of the rack. The number of pulses per rotation is the same as the motor resolution at the time of power-on. [Example: Resolution select switch: "1000" "X1" \rightarrow the number of output pulses per rotation: 1000]

The phase difference between A and B is 90° in electrical angle.

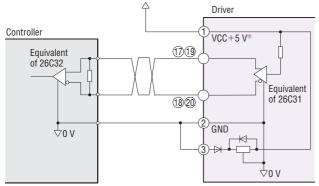
Open-Collector Output

Controller



Keep V₀ 30 VDC, 15 mA maximum.

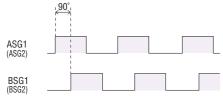
Line Driver Output



 \ast Power supply for "A-Phase and B-Phase" pulse output signal should be connected to 5 VDC.

- Notes
- The pulse output accuracy is, regardless of the resolution, within ±0.36° of the motor shaft (repetition accuracy: within $\pm 0.09^{\circ}$).
- 5 VDC power supply is required to use the pulse output signal. Pulse output is subject to a maximum delay of 1 ms with respect to the actual movement of the lineared motor. Use pulse output to check the stop position.

◇Pulse Output Waveform Characteristics



Pulse Input

- ASG1 output: Pulses corresponding to the lineared motor operation are output.
- BSG1 output: This output is used to determine the traveling direction of rack. The phase difference between ASG1 and BSG1 is 90°. The traveling direction of rack can be determined from the BSG1 output level at the rise of the ASG1 output.

Pinion

For LAS Series

Motor Cables (RoHS)

Various cables that are useful for connecting motors and drivers are available.

Extension Cables/

Extension Cables for Electromagnetic Brake Motor

Extension cable for extending the wiring distance between the lineared motor and



Product Line

driver.

Model	Length L (m)	
CC01AIP	1	
CC02AIP	2	
CC03AIP	3	
CC05AIP	5	
CC07AIP	7	
CC10AIP	10	
CC15AIP	15	
CC20AIP	20	

Extension Cables for Electromagnetic Brake Motor

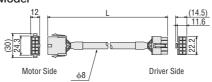
Marial Lassilla L.A.		
Model Length L (m)	
CC01AIPM 1	1	
CC02AIPM 2	2	
CCO3AIPM 3	3	
CC05AIPM 5	5	
CC07AIPM 7	7	
CC10AIPM 10	10	
CC15AIPM 15	15	
CC20AIPM 20	20	

Note:

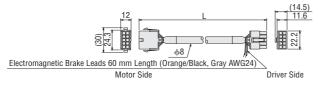
• Electromagnetic brake models must use an extension cable for an electromagnetic brake motor.

Dimensions (Unit = mm)

For Standard Model

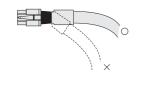


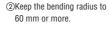
◇For Electromagnetic Brake Model



Notes on Use of a Flexible Extension Cable

①Do not allow the cable to bend at the cable connector







Flexible Extension Cables/

Flexible Extension Cables for Electromagnetic Brake Motor

Flexible extension cable for connecting a lineared motor and driver. Use flexible extension cable in application where the motor is installed on a moving section and the cable is bent and flexed.



Product Line

Flexible Extension Cables

Model	Length L (m)	
CC01SAR	1	
CC02SAR	2	
CC03SAR	3	
CC05SAR	5	
CC07SAR	7	
CC10SAR	10	

Flexible Extension Cables for Electromagnetic Brake Motor

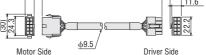
Model	Length L (m)	
CC01SARM2	1	
CC02SARM2	2	
CC03SARM2	3	
CC05SARM2	5	
CC07SARM2	7	
CC10SARM2	10	

Note:

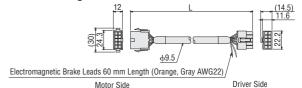
Electromagnetic brake models must use an extension cable for an electromagnetic brake motor.

Dimensions (Unit = mm)

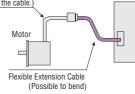




◇For Electromagnetic Brake Model



③The motor cable is not a flexible cable. If the motor cable is to be bent, bend it at the flexible extension cable. Motor Cable Driver (Affix the cable.





D-123

Driver Cables (RoHS)

This is a shielded cable useful for connecting a driver and controller.

Driver Cables General-Purpose Type

This is a shielded cable equipped with, at one end of the cable, the half-pitch connector that snaps into the driver.

Notes:

• Note that as the length of the pulse signal line between the driver and controller increases, the maximum transmission frequency decreases. Technical reference \rightarrow Page F-57 • Install a connector that matches the controller you are using to the other end of the cable.

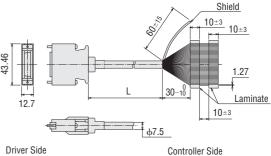
Product Line

Model	Length L (m)	
CC36D1-1	1	
CC36D2-1	2	



Dimensions (Unit = mm)

Conductor: AWG28 (0.08 mm²)



Controller Side

Connector-Terminal Block Conversion Unit (RoHS)

A conversion unit that connects a driver to a host controller using a terminal block.

 \cdot With a signal name plate for easy, one-glance identification of driver signal names

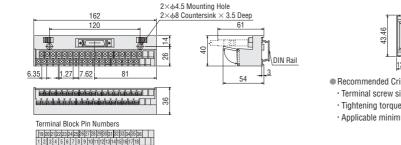
· DIN-rail mountable · Cable length: 1 m

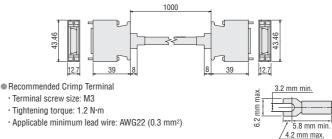
Droduct Linc

CC36T1

Product Line	
Model	Length L (m)
CC36T1	1

Dimensions (Unit = mm)



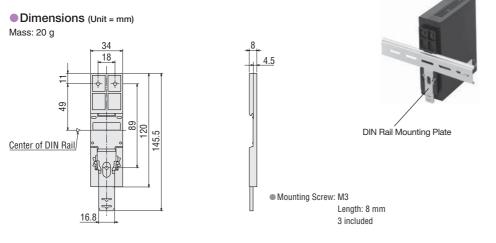


and Pinion Syst

DIN Rail Mounting Plate (RoHS)

This plate is used to install the driver to a DIN rail. Mounting screws are included.

Model: PADP01



For LS Linear Heads

Limit Switch Set (RoHS)

These dedicated limit switches can be installed easily in LS linear heads. With the limit switches, reciprocating operation can be performed easily. Each set consists of two limit switches, four dogs, limit-switch mounting brackets and covers.

Model: PARP-MS



Specifications

Rated Voltage	Motor Load	Inductive Load
125 VAC	2.5 A	10 A
250 VAC	1.4 A	10 A
125 VDC	0.05 A	0.05 A

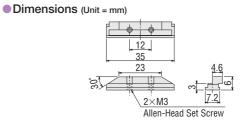
· Permissible operation frequency: 20 times/minute · At least 500000 times I ife

Dog (RoHS)

Use extra dogs if the dogs included with the limit switch set are not enough to implement the required multiple-point stop operation etc.

Model: LXDT-4 (4 included)





CR Circuit for Surge Suppression (RoHS)

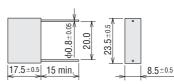
This circuit is used to absorb surge voltage and protect the relay contacts.

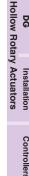
Model: EPCR1201-2 250 VAC (120 Ω, 0.1 μF)



Dimensions (Unit = mm) Mass: 5 g

Linear head with limit switches





Linear Head and Lineared Motor Installation

Installation Direction of Linear Head and Lineared Motor

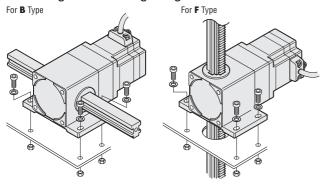
There are no restrictions on the installation direction of linear head and lineared motor.

Mounting Method

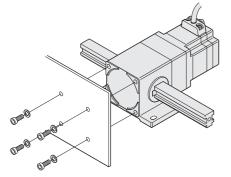
Secure the linear head or lineared motor firmly on a metal plate.Make a mounting hole or tapped hole on the mounting plate.

For **F** type (vertical stroke), make an additional hole for the rack. •Using the 4 mounting holes on the mounting surface of linear head or lineared motor, secure the linear head or lineared motor with 4 screws so that there is no gap between the linear head or lineared motor and the metal plate. (Mounting screws are not included.)

Installing with Mounting Flange



Installing with Front Mounting Holes



Installation Conditions

Linear heads, lineared motors and drivers are designed and manufactured to be mounted in a machiney.

Make sure the installation location meets the following conditions as well-ventilated space with easy access for inspection. Inside an enclosure installed indoors (with ventilation holes

provided) •Ambient temperature: -10~+50°C (non-freezing)

(**LS** Linear Head),

 $0 \sim +50^{\circ}$ C (non-freezing)

(LAS Series)

Ambient humidity: 85% or less (non-condensing)

 Not exposed to an explosive atmosphere, toxic gases (sulfurized gases etc.) or liquid

Not exposed to direct sunlight

Not exposed to significant amounts of dust or iron powder
 Not directly exposed to water or oil

Not exposed to air having high salt content

Not exposed to continuous vibration or excessive impact

•Not subjected to significant electromagnetic noise caused by welding machines, power equipment, etc.

•Not exposed to radioactive materials, magnetic field or vacuum conditions

Precautions in Handling

Rack Lubrication

A lubricating agent is necessary to prevent friction when the rack passes through the rack grommet. The surface of the rack and any gears that mesh with the pinion should always be kept lubricated. Since the rack case is filled with a lubrication agent, there is no need to lubricate the rack case. However, ensure that the surface of the rack or gear teeth do not become dry, as operating in this condition will shorten the product's life. When a rack is used vertically, or under high ambient temperature, the separated grease may drip. If the drip is a problem, take measures such as putting a saucer under the rack.

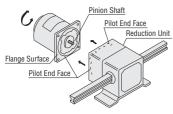
Motorized

and Pinion

Precautions for Installation

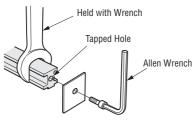
Connecting Linear Heads to Motors

As the figure below shows, a linear head is combined with a motor using the pilots on each unit as guides. The linear head should be moved gently from side to side without forcing the pinion shaft against the gear of linear head. Please note that an attempting to put a motor and linear head together by force can result in damage to the tooth surface, causing strange noise.



Mounting the Load to End of Rack

When mounting the load using the tapped hole on the end of the rack, hold the flat face of the rack rather than the toothed surface with a wrench while tightening the screw so that a rotational force is not applied to the rack. Note that the installation of the load with a rotational force applied to the rack can result in damage to the product.



Precautions for Operation

Do Not Hit to Stop the Rack

Despite differences in control methods, rack and pinion systems are all moved by controlling motor.

Do not hit to stop the operation at the end of the rack. Using like this, the motor will apply not only excessive torque but also an inertial shock to the rack-and-pinion section, as a result, the gear will be damaged.

Do Not Exceed the Maximum Transportable Mass

The maximum transportable mass of each product is determined. Generally, the lower the motor's basic speed, the greater the maximum transportable mass becomes. If a load greater than this value is applied, or rack movement is locked for a long time, it is likely to result in damage to the rack-and-pinion section.

• Use an Electromagnetic Brake Model for Vertical Operation

Use an electromagnetic brake model that can hold the load for vertical operation. The electromagnetic brakes that can be combined with linear heads, are power off activated type that are engaged in the event of a power failure and generate large holding force.

The combination of a reversible motor has a certain amount of holding force, but the brake force is limited and unsuitable for load holding at vertical operation.

Following electromagnetic brake models are available.

LAS Series with electromagnetic brake

LS linear head and motor with electromagnetic brake

For the LAS Series, when the driver's protective function has been activated, the current to the lineared motor is cut off to stop the motor. Make sure you provide a sequence for your controller to cut the power to the electromagnetic brake and hold the rack when the alarm output is detected.

Connecting for LAS Series with Electromagnetic Brake

Be sure to use extension cables for electromagnetic brake motor (accessory) when connecting lineared motor with electromagnetic brake and driver. If you connect the motor cable directly to the driver, the electromagnetic brake will not be activated.

The electromagnetic brake operates with the turning on/off of the DC power supply. Connect the electromagnetic brake leads from the extension cable while ensuring the correct polarity, and be sure to connect surge suppressor included to protect switch contact and suppress noise.



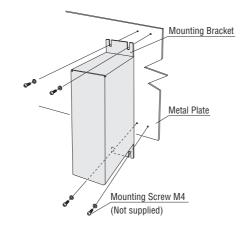
Driver Installation

Mounting Direction and Method

Box Type

- ◇Installing Using the Mounting Bracket
- 1. Install a mounting bracket at the back of the driver using screws included.
- 2. Install the driver using the mounting holes of mounting bracket so that there is no gap between the driver and the metal plate.

Applicable Product: LAS Series

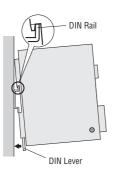


Notes:

- Firmly install on a metal plate that has good heat conductivity, such as iron or aluminum of 2 mm or more in thickness.
- To directly install the driver without using the mounting bracket included, pay particular attention to the length of the screws used for the mounting holes.

◇Installing in a DIN Rail [Using a DIN rail mounting plate (Sold separately)]
Pull the DIN lever down, hook the top of the DIN rail mounting plate to the DIN rail, and press it down until the DIN lever is locked into place.

Applicable Product:



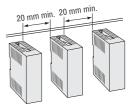
Notes

• Use a DIN rail with a rail width of 35 mm and an end plate.

• The DIN rail and end plate are not included with the driver. Those must be purchased separately.

\bigcirc Installation Clearances

When using multiple driver, driver temperature rise will cause ambient temperature to rise. At least 20 mm must be allowed between driver units and at least 25 mm between drivers and other equipment or structures.



Install a forced-air cooling fan if ambient temperature exceed 50°C.

Installation Conditions

Install the driver in a location that meets the following conditions, or the product may be damaged.

 Indoors (This product is designed and manufactured to be installed within another device.)

Ambient temperature: 0~+50°C (non-freezing) (LAS series)
 Ambient humidity: 85% or less (non-condensing)

Not exposed to explosive, flammable or corrosive gases

•Not exposed to direct sunlight

Not exposed to dust

Not directly exposed to water or oil

A place where heat can escape easily

Not exposed to continuous vibration or excessive impact Notes:

• When installing the driver in an enclosed space such as a control box, or somewhere close to a heat-radiating object, vent holes should be used to prevent the driver from overheating.

 Do not install the driver in a location where a source of vibration will cause the driver to vibrate.

In situations where drivers are located close to a large noise source such as high frequency welding machines or large electromagnetic switches, take steps to prevent noise interference, either by inserting noise filters or connecting the driver to a separate circuit.

• Take care that pieces of conductive material (filings, pins, pieces of wire, etc.) do not enter the drivers.